

## LIGHT SENTENCE

**Fred Butler Sent to Windsor for Bigamy by Bennington Judge.**

## HAD LEFT HIS FIRST WIFE

**Did Not Secure Divorce and Later Married a Bennington Girl—She Knew Something of the Circumstances before Her Marriage—**

**Other state news.**

Bennington, Aug. 17.—For marrying two girls within three years without the formality of a divorce Fred Butler of Schenectady was today sentenced by Judge Bates to not more than six or less than 15 months in State prison and will be taken to Windsor tomorrow.

Four years ago Butler married a Schenectady girl and leaving her two years later came to Bennington and married Miss Lillian Newton of this village. Butler left her after a few months and a few weeks ago was arrested in Schenectady and brought back here. He pleaded guilty.

Judge Bates made the sentence light on the ground that his second bride had reason to know of his former wife when she married Butler.

## TWO SENT TO PRISON.

**C. S. Harding and George Clark. Sentenced by Judge Ross of Rutland.**

Rutland, Aug. 17.—Rutland added two men to the list of prisoners at Windsor today. Judge Willis M. Ross sentenced Clifford S. Harding of Lee, Mass., to serve not less than six nor more than 18 months for obtaining money under false pretenses and he sent George Clark of this city to State prison for one to two years for burglary.

Harding is the man who extorted Proprietor P. J. Lator of the Rutland out of \$60 through worthless checks June 27. He has been in jail ever since because of his inability to furnish \$500 bail and today he decided to plead guilty. Clark stole a small sum of money and silverware from a Rutland man August 14.

## WASHINGTON CO. JURORS.

**List of Men Who Will Serve at September Term of Court.**

Montpelier, Aug. 17.—Sheriff Tracy today drew the grand and petit jurors for the September term of Washington county court which will convene on Wednesday, September 27. Judge George M. Powers of Morrisville presiding.

The grand jurors drawn were: Barre city, R. C. Currier; Barre town, B. F. Davis; Cabot, C. A. Morris; Calais, E. W. Case; Duxbury, M. L. Freeman; East Montpelier, H. A. Fitch; Fayston, F. C. Prange; Marshfield, E. A. Lomberton; Montpelier, C. S. Wilbur; Middlesex, D. W. Turbow; Montpelier, S. L. Turner; Northfield, M. D. Smith; Plainfield, J. A. Foster; Exbury, Daniel Worcester; Warren, H. W. Lyford; Waterbury, George W. Randall; Woodbury, R. F. Brennan; Worcester, F. R. Connors.

The petit jurors are: Barre city, C. A. Clark, G. J. Howes; Barre town, D. A. Fraser, F. C. Bancroft; Berlin, R. G. Robinson; Calais, Joseph Persons, C. D. Doty; Cabot, Fred A. Osmond; W. R. Putnam; Duxbury, F. E. Lewis; East Montpelier, Edwin Barton; Fayston, J. D. Thompson; Middlesex, B. W. Daniels; Warren, Dudley Middleton, H. G. Ward, W. H. Hathway; Montpelier, Fred Murray, N. A. Alexander; Marshfield, Lee Lane, George Hollister; Northfield, N. J. Eaton, C. N. Pillsbury; Plainfield, E. J. Bartlett, E. A. Martin; Roxbury, F. C. Tracy, E. E. Howe; Warren, Geoffrey Sumner, John Moberg; Watersfield, D. R. Hisee, A. J. Green; Waterbury, V. A. Dillingham, William McGrath; Woodbury, R. M. Pray, C. A. Watson; Worcester, F. O. Tewksbury, Clair Templeton.

## TWO STRUCK JURIES.

**Negligence Cases Against the Rutland Railroad to Be Heard in Rutland County.**

Rutland, Aug. 17.—Special struck juries were drawn here today for the trial of two negligence cases against

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**WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF GENEOLOGICAL WORK.**  
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**HURLINGTON, VT.**

The Rutland railroad company at the coming term of Rutland county court. One of the cases, Dennis Mahoney's administrator vs. the railroad, was tried in March, 1904. The plaintiff got a verdict of \$8,000 damages, but the decision was reversed at the last term of supreme court. Benjamin Mahoney was killed in the Shelburne wreck of 1903. The plaintiff in the other case, which has never come to trial, is George W. Kelley of South Wallingford. It is alleged that a locomotive spark set fire to his mill which was totally destroyed. The Mahoney case will be tried September 18 and the other September 25.

## PATRIOTIC CELEBRATION.

**McDonough's Victory in 1812 to Be Observed at Cliff Haven.**

Cliff Haven, N. Y., Aug. 17.—A patriotic celebration will be held here August 22-24, to commemorate the victory of Commodore Thomas McDonough in the War of 1812. This celebration is in the charge of the Champlain summer school with the cooperation of the Daughters of 1812 and many well-known citizens of Plattsburgh and the State of Vermont, Senator Redfield Proctor, of Vermont, has sent a letter giving assurance of his desire for the proper recognition of past events in the Champlain valley having a bearing on the national history of the United States.

Thursday evening at eight o'clock patriotic songs will be sung by the members of the Champlain assembly, in the auditorium, followed by the reading of an original patriotic poem by the author, John Jerome Rogers, of New York city.

Short speeches will be made by distinguished visitors, followed by the presentation address to be given by the Rev. John Talbot Smith, president of the Champlain assembly.

After the speeches there will be the presentation of the new flag for the McDonough national park, formerly known as Crab Island and Isle St. Michael, the burial place of heroes killed in the naval battle of Plattsburgh bay, September 11, 1814. The flag is the gift of a patron of the Champlain assembly, John Plafian of New York city.

The flag will be accepted by Capt. E. T. Hartman, 5th U. S. Inf., commanding the post at Plattsburgh barracks.

Friday afternoon there will be a general assembly at the Cliff Haven dock at three o'clock to meet the steamer "Ticonderoga." The flag will then be raised on a new pole at the McDonough National Park by a detachment of soldiers under command of Captain Hartmann. This will be followed by a salute of 21 guns to the national colors, with music during the intervals and singing by the field musicians of the 5th U. S. Infantry.

The singing of "The Star Spangled Banner" by the members of the Champlain Assembly, accompanied by Greene's orchestra, will close the exercises.

## DEDICATE MARKER.

**Hand's Cove Chapter, D. A. R., Holds Celebration—Congressman Foster Speaks.**

Shoreham, Aug. 18.—This afternoon the Hand's Cove Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, dedicated the granite marker which has been set for daughters at that point in the highway about a mile east from Larabee's point on Lake Champlain. The marker will indicate to those who pass that it marks the place where the early settlers, the famous as the place where the Green Mountain boys, under Ethan Allen, rendezvoused for the capture of Fort Ticonderoga.

Prayer was offered by the Rev. T. A. Carlson of this place, followed by the singing of "America" by the audience.

An address of welcome was given by the recent of the chapter, Mrs. William N. Platt, and Mrs. R. O. Bascom presented to the chapter a deed of the land upon which the marker stands. Mrs. Charles E. Day recited a poem. Congressman D. J. Foster delivered the principal address and others followed with short addresses. Singers closed the formal part of the programme.

## HARDWOOD LUMBERING IN ADIRONACKS.

**This Industry Will Soon Be Fully Developed—Small Trees Should Not Be Cut.**

Figures which furnish the strongest possible argument against careless lumbering are given by Edward A. Brandt of the United States department of agriculture in his report on the grades and amount of lumber sawed from the Adirondacks. "Hardwood lumbering in the Adirondacks is so expensive that a rule that does not pay to cut any but the larger trees for lumber," says the report.

"It is highly to the advantage of the lumberman to know just what diameter limit his profits are turned into losses, and it is equally to the advantage of the future productive capacity of the forest that he should know this. These figures prove that the lumberman who makes the highest profits out of the Adirondack hardwoods must cut within certain diameter limits and leave in most cases a considerable stand of timber uncut. With the growing scarcity of timber and the advancing prices of lumber, hardwood lumbering in the Adirondacks soon will be fully developed. Therefore, the fact that the Adirondack lumbermen in taking small trees, are working directly against their own interests.

"With the growth of the tree the percentage of the good grades, first and second, both heart and sap, and composites combined increases steadily, while the percentage of poor grades, shipping culis, and mill culls falls off. For example, the good grades of yellow birch increase from 32 per cent. in a 12-inch tree to 58 per cent. in a 24-inch tree; while the poor grades, including ties, drop off from 68 per cent. to 40 per cent. between the same diameters. The decrease in the poorer grades is, however, somewhat irregular. In the case of sugar maple the good grades rise from 15 per cent. in a 12-inch tree to 50 per cent. in a 24-inch tree, and in the case of beech from 9 per cent. in a 12-inch tree to 37 per cent. in a 24-inch tree. These facts bring out the interesting conclusion that the early life of the Adirondack hardwoods is spent in growing wood which has little commercial value, while after a merchantable size has been reached the growth increment consists of a far higher proportion of valuable grades."

**A Healing Gospel.**  
The Rev. J. C. Warren, pastor of Warren Baptist Church, Belair, Ga., says of Electric Bitters: "It's a Godsend to mankind. It cured me of lame back, stiff joints, and complete physical collapse. I was so weak I took me half an hour to walk a mile. Two bottles of Electric Bitters have made me so strong I have just walked three miles in 10 minutes and feel like walking three more. It's made a new man of me. It's cured me of weakness and all stomach, liver and kidney complaints. Hold under guarantee at J. W. O'Sullivan's, Drug Store, Price \$50. All druggists.

## TRIUMPHAL TOUR

**F. D. Proctor Greeted by Enthusiastic Crowds in "Spunky Lamolille."**

## HELD TWO LARGE RALLIES

**Spoke in the Afternoon at Waterbury and in the Evening at Jeffersonville.**

**—Drew Large Crowd at Latter Place Where Clement Men Were Unopposed.**

Jeffersonville, Aug. 17.—Big republican rallies were held today in Waterbury and Jeffersonville. At each place Fletcher D. Proctor was received by large and enthusiastic audiences. A series of accidents delayed the arrival of Messrs. Proctor and Proctor at Waterbury until nearly three o'clock. The party passed through Stowe, Hyde Park and Johnson on their trip and in each place were welcomed by large delegations.

The Waterbury rally was held in the town hall which was filled with an audience of 300 including delegations from Belvidere, Cambridge and Johnson. The Hon. A. Jackson presided and after the concert by the Waterbury band introduced the Hon. Smith B. Waite of Hyde Park, who delivered a brief speech. E. B. Flinn of Springfield followed with one of his characteristic speeches.

Mr. Proctor was given a fine reception, his arrival and his speech was bright and to the point and made a strong impression. At the close nearly every person pressed forward to shake his hand and promised great results from "Spunky Lamolille."

From Waterbury he drove to Jeffersonville, and there provided a striking contrast to the Waterbury rally set for last Wednesday. The night rally was held in a capacity of 100 was well filled with an enthusiastic crowd of representative people while the Waterbury rally drew but two people, they being the speakers advertised. Mr. Proctor received a warm welcome and for 30 minutes held the undivided attention of the audience with a clear cut statement of the speakers regarding State affairs. His speech was received with marked demonstrations of approval.

Mr. Flinn followed Mr. Proctor with an excellent speech. At the close of the rally Mr. Proctor held a reception in which he shook hands with several hundred of his admirers.

## FITS ON DISEASED BEEF

**Declares That If It Is Sold the Parties Will Be Prosecuted—Sen. Dillingham Speaks.**

Woodstock, Aug. 17.—The republicans held a successful outdoor rally here this afternoon, about 800 people gathering in the park. The speakers were Senator V. P. Dillingham, Attorney-General Fitts and the Hon. Chas. H. Darling. The Bridgewater band and A. J. Maxham provided music for the rally. Senator Dillingham spoke of material progress of the State in manufacturing, etc., and the matter of State expenses was handled by Attorney-General Fitts in contradiction of Clement's claims of graft and luxury. Mr. Fitts also took up the charges that diseased meat had been sold in Vermont. He declared that if any man has sold diseased meat in this State and it can be proven he will be prosecuted and the full extent of the law will also be applied to the parties who made out the affidavits, now being circulated by Mr. Clement's agencies on July 21, had the knowledge they claim to have they should have at once filed a complaint then against the parties they allege have committed this offense and not allowed the alleged business to continue to the detriment of public health. They should have made the matter public at once and not kept it secret to be used now for political purposes.

## RALLY AT NORTH HARTLAND.

White River Junction, Aug. 17.—The little village of North Hartland containing about 100 voters turned out an audience of 200 people to-night at a republican rally held there. The Windsor band furnished music and E. W. Haley was chairman. The speakers were J. L. Martin and Attorney-General C. F. Fitts, both of whom made strong speeches which were well received.

## IN THE FUSION CAMP.

**Clement Distributing Diseased Beef Literature.**

Rutland, Aug. 17.—P. W. Clement is asking Rutland voters to cast their ballots for him because the "republican machine" has fed the poorer classes of the State infected meat. In support of this argument he has had made a house to house distribution of a circular containing what is purported to be an affidavit sworn to before John H. Souther of Montpelier telling of the alleged sale of tuberculosis infected cattle slaughtered at the direction of the State cattle inspectors.

The cattle story is the same one used by Clement's lieutenants in their stump speeches.

**FUSION CLUB IN BRATTLEBORO.**  
Brattleboro, Aug. 17.—A fusion campaign club was organized here last evening, about 100 voters attending the meeting. Those officers were elected: President, Col. Charles A. Miles; vice-president, John J. Eekels; secretary, Harry R. Lawrence; treasurer, Charles A. Boyden.

On motion of E. H. Crane a committee of five was appointed by the chairman, M. J. Moran, to select a candidate for town representative and file nomination papers as provided by law. This committee consists of E. H. Crane, George E. Foster, E. W. Blodgett, M. Austin, Jr., and Frank L. Hunt.

**HALYORA NOMINATED.**  
Rutland, Aug. 17.—Philip J. Halyora was nominated by the labor independent republican ticket here to-night for city representative.

## CLEMMENT AT WATERBURY.

**Rather Mild in His Talk about the Asylum There.**

Waterbury, Aug. 17.—The first fusion rally of the campaign was held in the town hall at Waterbury this afternoon, when the Hon. P. W. Clement of Rutland, the Hon. G. Herbert Pape of Barre and Mayor James B. Burke addressed the voters. The Stowe

band and the coon quartette furnished music.

Mr. Clement was very mild with his argument and especially concerning the expenses at the State hospital.

Mayor Burke was greeted with hearty applause and his remarks and Mr. Pape's remarks were warmly received.

G. B. Evans was in charge of the rally and introduced the speakers.

## THREE-CORNERED FIGHT.

**Three Waterbury Republicans Want to Be Town Representative.**

Waterbury, Aug. 17.—The republican rally to nominate a candidate for town representative was held in the Seminary hall at Waterbury Center this afternoon. Dr. Don D. Groat was chairman of the caucus and H. C. Whitehill, secretary. The union justices of the peace nominated were J. A. Burleigh, Daniel Hopkins, R. J. Barber, J. K. Fullerton, P. F. May, G. H. Dale, H. J. Graves and W. J. O'Neil.

The ballot box for the nomination of town representative remained open one hour, resulting in the nomination of C. C. Graves, his name being the only printed ballot before the caucus.

Nomination papers were filed this morning by Lawyer George W. Morse, and Dr. E. J. Foster which means a lively fight on election day.

## NORTHFIELD'S NOMINEE.

Northfield, Aug. 17.—The republican caucus to nominate a town representative was held in the village hall to-night and was the largest held in years. Heber C. Cady, treasurer of the Northfield Savings bank, was unanimously chosen as the nominee.

## NEW MANCHESTER RECORD.

**Made by Travers Yesterday—Defeated Two Players.**

Manchester, Aug. 17.—In the semi-final round for the first president's cup at Ekwanok, today, James P. Travers, in winning two 35-hole matches, established a new 35-hole record for the course of 144.

In the morning Travers defeating C. R. Leake of Ekwanok, 7 up and 5 to play, handed in a card of 35-36-71. In the afternoon his win over Allan Lard resulted in a record of 34-39-73.

The other semi-final match was won by J. M. Ward from J. M. Rhet, 4 up and 2 to play. Rhet's morning victory over Frederick Herreshoff of Garden City, 4 up and 2 to play, was a surprise. In this round also Ward put out L. E. Wood of Fall River.

## ST. ALBANS NOMINATIONS.

**Republicans Name E. A. Chittenden and Democrats F. B. Dewart.**

St. Albans, Aug. 18.—At the republican caucus held Saturday evening with Col. A. Hall as chairman and N. N. Post secretary, the name of Judge E. A. Chittenden was placed in nomination by H. C. Royce and he was unanimously nominated. After the caucus was closed the matter of organization was discussed. Warren R. Austin, chairman of the city committee, was instructed to name a committee of five to take the matter in charge, and a meeting will be held at the republican headquarters in the Seymour block Monday evening.

At a caucus of democrats and independents held Saturday evening, F. B. Dewart received the nomination as city representative.

At the democratic and republican town caucuses held Saturday evening B. E. Moore and Thomas Gallagher respectively were nominated as town representatives.

## LEWIS MORRISON DEAD.

**The Famous "Mephisto" Died from Effects of an Operation.**

New York, Aug. 19.—Lewis Morrison, an actor, whose work as Mephisto in "Faust" gained him fame, died suddenly of shock on Saturday in St. John's Hospital, Yonkers, after undergoing an operation for stomach trouble.

Taken ill suddenly last week, Mr. Morrison was informed by his physicians that an immediate operation was necessary to save his life. He was under engagement to start for San Francisco on Friday, but wired that he would delay a few days. He cheerfully went to the operating table. He recovered from the influence of the ether administered to him, but the shock proved too much for a man of his age—61 years—and early in the afternoon, surrounded by his family, he passed away.

Mr. Morrison was born of English parentage in Kingston, Jamaica, in 1845. He came to this country at an early age and enlisted on the Union side in the Civil War. On his honorable discharge at the close of the war he received the rank of captain for distinguished service. He won the personal friendship and praise of General Grant during the siege of Vicksburg, when he was the Mississippi under fire of the batteries with despatches for the federal army.

After his discharge from the army Mr. Morrison entered the theatrical profession and became a popular actor.

He was associated with Edwin Booth, Lawrence Barrett, Edwin Forrest, Thomas Salvini, Adelaide Neilson, Charlotte Cushman, Janussek, Rose Cogan and Agnes Booth.

As Mephisto in "Faust" for fully twenty years he starred this country and Canada with wonderful success and popularity.

**FOREIGN NOTES.**  
The deepest lake in the world is believed to be Lake Baikal, in Siberia. Nine thousand square miles in area, and nearly as large as Lake Erie, it is 4,000 to 5,000 feet deep, so that it contains nearly as much water as Lake Superior.

Mark Twain's famous sketch, "How I Became Editor of an Agricultural Paper," has been dramatized for a Paris theatre. The adaptor and translator, M. Timmory, is credited by a critic with having succeeded in transferring to the stage Mark Twain's humor without losing its "savor."

By a remarkable law of royal etiquette, which has existed for a number of years at the court of Siam, no person is permitted to sleep in an apartment situated above that occupied by the king. A deliberate breach of this rule has on more than one occasion been punished by death.

Lady Laurier has the distinction of being the only woman who has delivered a speech in the Canadian house of Parliament. She was discovered at a reception at the foot of the throne and at once a demand was made for speech. She was at first abashed, but descended the steps and made what was described as "a pretty oration."

**FOUNTAIN PENS.**  
The largest, best and most complete line of Fountain Pens can be found at the Free Press store.

## ENCAMPMENT ENDS

**Grand Army of the Republic Will Meet Next Year at Saratoga.**

## NO ACTION ON CANTEN

**Will Protest against the Erection of a Monument to Henry Wirtz—Commander Brown Announces Staff Appointments—Wants Station on Prisoners.**

Minneapolis, Aug. 17.—The Grand Army of the Republic completed its fortieth encampment to-day and adjourned to meet in Saratoga, N. Y., in 1907.

The encampment, after an exciting and acrimonious debate, decided that a protest against the erection of a statue to Henry Wirtz, should be sent to Gen. S. D. Lee, commander of the United Confederate Veterans.

The proposal to deprecate the action of Congress in abolishing the canteen from old soldiers' homes was laid on the table without debate.

Just prior to adjournment, Commander-in-Chief R. B. Brown, elect, announced these staff appointments:

Adjutant-general—Joseph W. O'Neill of Ohio.

Quartermaster-general—Charles Burrows of New Jersey.

Assistant quartermaster-general—J. H. Holcomb of Philadelphia.

Chief of staff—J. V. Winans of Ohio.

The final vote on the next meeting place showed 60 for Saratoga and 175 for Cincinnati.

Resolutions were passed asking the secretary of war to purchase the grounds on which monuments have been erected on the battlefield of Bull Run, and asking that statistics as accurate as possible of the mortality in southern prisons be issued by the government.

During the day Commander-in-Chief Tamm sent a telegram to President Roosevelt informing him that the encampment was in session. This reply was received:

"Many thanks for your telegram. Through you, I extend to the Grand Army of the Republic my heartiest greetings, and most cordially express my sympathy in behalf of all the people of this nation whose existence is owing to what you and your comrades did in the heroic days of the Civil War."

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

Adjournment was taken immediately after the installation of the new officers.

## INTERESTS OF THE FARM.

**Raising Sheep at a Profit—The Most Important.**

The raising of sheep in the United States does not appear to be a settled industry. Farmers seem to fear to undertake the raising of sheep as readily as they do the more settled industries of raising cows, hogs, etc. This fear of sheep raising is entirely due, without any doubt, to a lack of knowledge on the farmer's part of the possibilities of profits that can be made in this industry when successfully carried on, says a writer in the New York Tribune Farmer. As the knowledge by farmers of this industry gets multiplied, so does the industry itself multiply proportionately, and it really has multiplied quite extensively during the past three years. This is also largely due to the increased demand for wool on the part of American people. The production of fine wool is the prime factor where sheep are being raised this time, while the wool is incidental. This generally also brings a fair price. It has been proven by experiments that it does not pay to raise sheep for the sole purpose of producing the wool, the production of mutton should be the prime factor. With this end in view the sheep industry has been brought up to be profitable. It has also been proved that the possibilities in profit making when sheep are being raised are just as good as when other animals are raised, with maybe one or two exceptions.

Some farmers have an idea that the raising of sheep pays only where poor land exists, but that is not so. Sheep will return a good profit on rich land just as well as other farm animals will, of course, if they are put on a poor pasture the gain will sure be less than if they are allowed to graze on a good rich pasture.

The beginner in sheep raising should pay his first attention to the kind of stock that he will begin on. This is of great importance, as a poor beginning will not leave any room for profit; so select a good breed, whose mutton qualities have been established for a long time. Get, if possible, pure bred stock, so as to be sure of a good foundation.

Even if pure bred stock is obtained, great attention must also be given to the individual animal, as individual animals in a breed may sometimes differ to a greater extent than the general characteristics among the different breeds will. It is not advisable to start in on grade stock, but pure bred stock will generally pay better in the long run. It cannot be emphasized too much that good stock should be obtained even if a higher price has to be paid. Having secured good stock to begin with, if you wish to have some profit at the end you have to give them your best attention. Sleep, as well as other animals, will be sure to respond to good treatment. Be regular in your feeding and try to feed the same time every day of the year. It will make a difference if you don't. Keep the pens cleaned out well and disinfected.

It has been proved that it costs much less to produce gain on an animal when young than old, keeping that in mind, you will gain greatly if you finish your lambs off for market at a young age. Special attention should be given to the breeding ewes, as the state of your future lambs will greatly depend on the condition in which the ewes have been at the time of lambing. If the ewe has been in poor condition at the time of lambing, you are likely to get a very poor lamb; but on the other hand, if she is in good condition you will run a good chance of getting a good lamb. Do not feed the breeding ewe feeds that will tend to lay on fat, such as corn meal. If the lambs when first born are too weak to stand up, help them along to the teats until they get strong enough to help themselves.

You will have to watch the ewes very carefully during lambing time. Sometimes, in fact very frequently in some breeds, the lambs are too large to come out. In a case like that they will have to be helped out. You can either do it yourself, or you can call a veterinarian to do it. Watch him do it, so you will be able to do it yourself next time that it happens, without having to call a surgeon. Do not start the lambs on very concentrated feeds at first, but get them used to it gradually by giving them bran or oats. If you don't, you are likely to cause internal trouble.

## LETTER TO DOLAN BROS.

**Burlington.**  
Dear Sirs: If you could get the exclusive sale of a sweeter sugar for five miles round—12 lb as sweet as a pound of usual sugar, and cost no more—you'd jump at it, wouldn't you?

There would be 100 lb of any other sugar sold in a year in your town; you'd gobble the trade; and it wouldn't hurt your whole business.

Devon is like that among paints; it is twice as sweet as some; it is sweeter than any; not one exception; one gallon is two for one—and a-half or one-and-three-quarters.

But that's that; paint has to be painted; that costs \$2 to \$4 a gallon. A gallon saved is \$2 to \$4 saved in labor, besides the paint.

Even that isn't all. A gallon Devon put on wears as long as two gallons put on at a cost of \$2 to \$4 a gallon, and two gallons more put on at \$2 to \$4 a gallon, all that. The paint that wears double costs less by 4 gallons, of paint and 3 gallons of paint, that's about \$15 a gallon for those superfluous rubs.

That's as good as a double-sweet sugar, isn't it?

Yours truly  
F. W. DEVON & CO.  
P. S.—The G. S. Blodgett Co., sell our paint.

## CLEMMENT AT MONTEPELLIER.

Montpelier, Aug. 17.—P. W. Clement, his colored quartette and the members of the Montpelier Military band at the opera house were rival attractions to-night but the gentleman from Rutland gave a free show and he caught the crowd.

Dr. P. L. Templeton first introduced Mr. Clement as the next governor of Vermont.

Mr. Clement's address was devoted mainly to the increase in State expenses in the past 22 years. He reiterated the charge that there is graft at the Waterbury asylum and challenged any one to dispute it.

The only issue the republican party has this year is whether Senator Redfield Proctor shall be enabled to hand over his seat in the Senate to Fletcher D. Proctor, his son. G. H. Pape of Barre and Mayor James E. Burke of Burlington were the other speakers.</